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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/608,843	06/27/2003	Taekeun Lee	CPAC 1014-4	7642
22470 7	590 02/23/2005		EXAMINER	
HAYNES BEFFEL & WOLFELD LLP			NGUYEN, KHIEM D	
P O BOX 366 HALF MOON	BAY, CA 94019		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,		2823	

DATE MAILED: 02/23/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

				Η.			
		Application No.	Applicant(s)	•			
Office Action Summary		10/608,843	LEE ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Khiem D. Nguyen	2823				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the o	orrespondence address				
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failt Any	MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  Insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13  SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  In period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period ware to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing led patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	mely filed  /s will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this communication ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	n.			
Status							
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 De	ecember 2004		•			
		action is non-final.					
	·— .		osecution as to the merits in	2			
٠,٣	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims						
4) 🔀	Claim(s) 1-18 is/are pending in the application.		,				
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.	WITHOUT CONSIDERATION.					
· · · · · ·							
	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are rejected. ☑ Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement					
		election requirement.					
	ion Papers						
•	The specification is objected to by the Examine						
10)⊠	10) $\boxtimes$ The drawing(s) filed on <u>27 June 2003</u> is/are: a) $\boxtimes$ accepted or b) $\square$ objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority (	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign  All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents  2. Certified copies of the priority documents  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati	ion No	,			
•	application from the International Bureau	(PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* 5	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	ed.				
Attachmen	t(s)						
_	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO_413)				
2) 🔲 Notic	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
3) Infon Pape	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) or No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

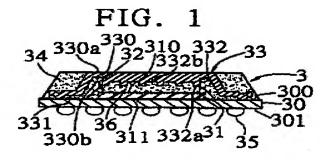
## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 1. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Huang et al. (U.S. Patent 6,400,014).

In re claim 1, <u>Huang</u> discloses a method for manufacturing a plastic ball grid array package, comprising placing a heat spreader 33 having an upper portion 330a and a plurality of support arms 331 into a mold cavity, placing over the mold cavity a ball grid array including a semiconductor die 31 mounted on a support surface of a substrate 30 and connected to the substrate, such that lower ends of the support arms contact the support surface 300 of the substrate peripheral to the die; injecting molding material 34 into the cavity; and permitting the molding material to harden to form a mold cap (col. 3, line 53 to col. 4, line 40 and FIGS. 1-7).

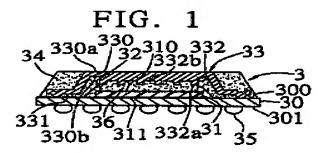


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2. Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Huang et al. (U.S. Patent 6,400,014).

In re claim 10, <u>Huang</u> discloses a method for manufacturing a plastic ball grid array package, comprising placing a heat spreader 33 having an upper portion 330a and a plurality of support arms 331 onto the die support surface 300 of the substrate 30 such that at least one of the supporting arms of the heat spreader is affixed to the substrate using a resilient fixative such as an elastomeric adhesive; placing a mold cavity over the heat spreader; injecting the molding material 34 into the cavity; and permitting the molding material to harden to form a mold cap (col. 3, line 53 to col. 4, line 40 and FIGS. 1-7).



Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 2-9 and 11-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Huang et al. (U.S. Patent 6,400,014) in view of Brestel (U.S. Patent 5,328,811).

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In re claims 2, 3, 6, 11, 12, and 15, <u>Huang</u> discloses wherein the heat spreader 33 is made of metal (col. 4, lines 13 to 40 and FIG. 1) but does not explicitly discloses treating an undersurface of the metal heat spreader to form a black copper oxide layer prior to injecting the molding material.

Brestel discloses treating an undersurface of the copper layer 3 with a base solution of NaClO<sub>2</sub> to form a black copper oxide layer. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art of making semiconductor devices to combine the teaching of Huang and Brestel to enable the black copper oxide layer of Huang to be formed and furthermore a blackened copper oxide layer exhibits high absorption of infrared radiation (col. 5, lines 3-18 and FIGS. 1-7).

In re claims 4 and 13, <u>Brestel</u> discloses wherein the black copper oxide layer having a thickness in the range 10  $\mu$ m up to some tens of  $\mu$ m (col. 5, lines 16-18).

In re claims 5, 8, 9, 14, 17, and 18, neither <u>Huang</u> nor <u>Brestel</u> disclose a black copper oxide layer having a thickness of 7 μm and wherein the treating comprises microetching the copper undersurface of the heat spreader to a roughness in the range 0.5 μm to 1.0 μm. However, there is no evidence indicating the thickness and the roughness range of the black copper oxide layer is critical and it has been held that it is not inventive to discover the optimum or workable thickness of a result-effective variable within given prior art conditions by routine experimentation. See MPEP § 2144.05. Note that the specification contains no disclosure of either the critical nature of the claimed dimensions of any unexpected results arising there from. Where patentability is aid to be based upon particular chosen dimensions or upon another variable recited in a claim, the Applicant

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must show that the chosen dimensions are critical. <u>In re Woodruff</u>, 919 F.2d 1575, 1578, 16 USPQ2d 1934, 1936 (Fed. Cir. 1990).

In re claims 7 and 16, <u>Brestel</u> discloses wherein the treating comprises microetching the copper undersurface of the copper layer (col. 5, lines 3-45 and FIGS. 1-7).

## Response to Applicants' Amendment and Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed December 10<sup>th</sup>, 2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicants contend that the reference Huang et al. (U.S. Patent 6,400,014) herein known as Huang, says nothing about placing the heat sink into a mold cavity and then (in a subsequent step) placing the ball grid array over the cavity, as recited in the claim.

In response to Applicants' argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., "...and then (in a subsequent step)...") are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

In response to Applicants' contention that Huang says nothing as to at least one supporting arm of the heat spreader being affixed to the substrate using a resilient fixative, as recited in the claim, Examiner respectfully disagrees. Applicants are directed to (col. 3, line 53 to col. 4, line 9 and FIG. 1) where Huang discloses that the heat spreader 33 being affixed to the substrate 30 using a resilient fixative.

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In response to Applicants' contention that the Brestel reference (U.S. Patent 5,328,811) is an unrelated art, Examiner respectfully disagrees. The Brestel reference is only being used as a secondary reference to teach treating the undersurface of a copper layer to form a black copper oxide layer. As disclose in col. 5, lines 2-18, Brestel teaches treating the undersurface of a copper layer comprises reacted the copper undersurface with a base solution of NaClO<sub>2</sub> to form a black copper oxide layer.

For these reasons, examiner holds the rejection proper.

#### Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Khiem D. Nguyen whose telephone number is (571) 272-1865. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (8:00 AM - 5:00 PM).

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Olik Chaudhuri can be reached on (571) 272-1855. The fax phone number

for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for

published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status

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more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you

have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business

Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

K.N. February 21<sup>st</sup>, 2005

W. DAVID COLEMAN PRIMARY EXAMINER